
1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

1.1 Product identifier

Product name **AGRIGAS M (METHYL BROMIDE)**
Synonym(s) 213 - SDS NUMBER • BROMOMETHANE • FREON R40 B1 • PRODUCT CODE: 193

1.2 Uses and uses advised against

Use(s) CHEMICAL REAGENT • FUMIGANT • PESTICIDE

1.3 Details of the supplier of the product

Supplier name **BOC LIMITED (AUSTRALIA)**
Address 10 Julius Avenue, North Ryde, NSW, 2113, AUSTRALIA
Telephone 131 262, (02) 8874 4400
Fax 132 427 (24 hours)
Website <http://www.boc.com.au>

1.4 Emergency telephone number(s)

Emergency 1800 653 572 (24/7) (Australia only)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

CLASSIFIED AS HAZARDOUS ACCORDING TO AUSTRALIAN WHS REGULATIONS

GHS classification(s) Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Category 2
 Gases Under Pressure: Liquefied gas
 Hazardous to the Ozone Layer: Category 1
 Aquatic Toxicity (Acute): Category 1
 Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Single Exposure): Category 3
 Acute Toxicity: Oral: Category 3
 Acute Toxicity: Inhalation: Category 2
 Serious Eye Damage / Eye Irritation: Category 2A
 Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Category 2
 Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Repeated Exposure): Category 2

2.2 Label elements

Signal word **DANGER**

Pictogram(s)



PRODUCT NAME **AGRIGAS M (METHYL BROMIDE)**

Hazard statement(s)

H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H330	Fatal if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H341	Suspected of causing genetic defects.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H420	Harms public health and the environment by destroying ozone in the upper atmosphere.

Prevention statement(s)

P202	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P260	Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P264	Wash thoroughly after handling.
P270	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P273	Avoid release to the environment.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P284	Wear respiratory protection.

Response statement(s)

P302 + P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
P304 + P340	IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
P305 + P351 + P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P308 + P313	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
P310	Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
P320	Specific treatment is urgent - see first aid instructions.
P330	Rinse mouth.
P362	Take off contaminated clothing and wash before re-use.
P391	Collect spillage.

Storage statement(s)

P403 + P233	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
P405	Store locked up.
P410 + P403	Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.

Disposal statement(s)

P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with relevant regulations.
P502	Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information on recovery/recycling.

2.3 Other hazards

No information provided.

3. COMPOSITION/ INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances / Mixtures

Ingredient	CAS Number	EC Number	Content (v/v)
METHYL BROMIDE	74-83-9	200-813-2	100%

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye	Cold burns: Immediately flush with tepid water or with sterile saline solution. Hold eyelids apart and irrigate for 15 minutes. Seek medical attention.
Inhalation	If inhaled, remove from contaminated area. To protect rescuer, use an Air-line respirator or Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA). Apply artificial respiration if not breathing. Give oxygen if breathing is difficult. Seek immediate medical attention. For advice, contact a Poison Information Centre on 13 11 26 (Australia Wide) or a doctor.
Skin	Cold burns: Remove contaminated clothing and gently flush affected areas with warm water (30°C) for 15 minutes. Apply sterile dressing and treat as for a thermal burn. For large burns, immerse in warm water for 15 minutes. DO NOT apply any form of direct heat. Seek immediate medical attention.
Ingestion	Due to product form and application, ingestion is considered unlikely.

PRODUCT NAME **AGRIGAS M (METHYL BROMIDE)**

First aid facilities Eye wash facilities and safety shower should be available.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Methyl bromide is absorbed through skin and causes damage to the central nervous system and lungs. Symptoms may be delayed up to 48 hours. Nervous system injury is characterised by lethargy, muscular pains, visual, speech and sensory disturbances and mental confusion. More severe effects include tremors, hallucinations, fainting spells and seizures. Vapours are irritating to the eyes, skin and respiratory system. Direct contact with the liquefied material or escaping compressed gas may cause cold burns similar to frostbite injury.

4.3 Immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat for asphyxia and cold burns.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Use water fog to cool containers from protected area.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Non flammable. May evolve toxic gases (bromides, bromine) when heated to decomposition. May ignite with a very high energy source of ignition.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Temperatures in a fire may cause cylinders to rupture. Cool cylinders exposed to fire by applying water from a protected location. Do not approach cylinders suspected of being hot. Remove cool cylinders from the path of the fire. Evacuate the area if unable to keep cylinders cool. Ensure work area is thoroughly ventilated before re-entry.

5.4 Hazchem code

2XE

2 Fine Water Spray.

X Wear liquid-tight chemical protective clothing and breathing apparatus. Contain spill and run-off.

E Evacuation of people in and around the immediate vicinity of the incident should be considered.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

If the cylinder is leaking, evacuate area of personnel. Inform manufacturer/supplier of leak. Use Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) as detailed in Section 8 of the SDS.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent from entering sewers, basements and workpits, or any place where its accumulation can be dangerous.

6.3 Methods of cleaning up

Carefully move material to a well ventilated remote area, then allow to discharge if safe to do so. Do not attempt to repair leaking valve or cylinder safety devices.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Sections 8 and 13 for exposure controls and disposal.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Use of safe work practices are recommended to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Do not drag, drop, slide or roll cylinders. The uncontrolled release of a gas under pressure may cause physical harm. Use a suitable hand truck for cylinder movement.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Do not store near incompatible materials. Cylinders should be stored below 45°C in a secure area, upright and restrained to prevent cylinders from falling. Cylinders should also be stored in a dry, well ventilated area constructed of non-combustible material with firm level floor (preferably concrete), away from areas of heavy traffic and emergency exits.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information provided.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Exposure standards

Ingredient	Reference	TWA		STEL	
		ppm	mg/m ³	ppm	mg/m ³
Methyl bromide	SWA (AUS)	5	19	--	--

Biological limits

No biological limit values have been entered for this product.

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering controls Provide suitable ventilation to minimise or eliminate exposure. Confined areas (e.g. tanks) should be adequately ventilated or gas tested. Maintain vapour levels below the recommended exposure standard.

PPE

Eye / Face	Wear safety glasses.
Hands	Wear leather or insulated gloves.
Body	Wear coveralls and safety boots.
Respiratory	Wear Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) or an Air-line respirator.



9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	CLEAR COLOURLESS GAS (LIQUEFIED UNDER PRESSURE)
Odour	SLIGHT SWEET ODOUR
Flammability	NON FLAMMABLE
Flash point	NOT RELEVANT
Boiling point	3.5°C to 4°C
Melting point	-94°C
Evaporation rate	NOT APPLICABLE
pH	NOT APPLICABLE
Vapour density	3.4 (Air = 1)
Specific gravity	1.73 @ 0°C (Liquid)
Solubility (water)	SLIGHTLY SOLUBLE
Vapour pressure	220 kPa @ 25°C
Upper explosion limit	14.5 %
Lower explosion limit	13.5 %
Partition coefficient	NOT AVAILABLE
Autoignition temperature	537°C
Decomposition temperature	NOT AVAILABLE
Viscosity	NOT AVAILABLE
Explosive properties	NOT AVAILABLE
Oxidising properties	NOT AVAILABLE
Odour threshold	NOT AVAILABLE

9.2 Other information

% Volatiles	100 %
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10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

Carefully review all information provided in sections 10.2 to 10.6.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended conditions of storage.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Polymerization will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid exposure to moisture.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Incompatible with oxidising agents (e.g. hypochlorites), aluminum/aluminium alloys (forming spontaneously combustible aluminium trimethyl), heat and ignition sources. Slightly corrosive when moist.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

May evolve toxic gases (bromides, bromine) when heated to decomposition.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Fatal if inhaled. Toxic if swallowed. Methyl bromide is absorbed through skin and causes damage to the central nervous system and lungs. Symptoms may be delayed up to 48 hours. Nervous system injury is characterised by lethargy, muscular pains, visual, speech and sensory disturbances and mental confusion. More severe effects include tremors, hallucinations, fainting spells and seizures.

METHYL BROMIDE
LC50 (Inhalation): 850 ppm / 1 hour (rat)
LD50 (Oral): 214 mg/kg (rat)

Skin Irritating to the skin. Contact may result in irritation, redness, rash and dermatitis. Direct contact with the liquefied material or escaping compressed gas may cause frostbite injury.

Eye Irritating to the eyes. Contact may result in irritation, lacrimation, pain and redness. Contact with the liquefied material or escaping compressed gas may cause frostbite injury.

Sensitization Not classified as causing skin or respiratory sensitisation.

Mutagenicity May cause heritable genetic damage.

Carcinogenicity Methyl bromide is not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans (IARC Group 3).

Reproductive Not classified as a reproductive toxin. However, some animal studies have shown fetal defects in doses causing maternal toxicity.

STOT – single exposure Over exposure to vapours may result in respiratory irritation, nausea, dizziness and headache. High level exposure may result in drowsiness and breathing difficulties.

STOT – repeated exposure Chronic exposure may result in liver, kidney and brain damage.

Aspiration Not classified as causing aspiration.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity

Very toxic to aquatic organisms.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

No information provided.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No information provided.

12.4 Mobility in soil

No information provided.

PRODUCT NAME AGRIGAS M (METHYL BROMIDE)**12.5 Other adverse effects**

Harms public health and the environment by destroying ozone in the upper atmosphere.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**13.1 Waste treatment methods**

Waste disposal Cylinders should be returned to the manufacturer or supplier for disposal of contents.
Legislation Dispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE



	LAND TRANSPORT (ADG)	SEA TRANSPORT (IMDG / IMO)	AIR TRANSPORT (IATA / ICAO)
14.1 UN Number	1062	1062	1062
14.2 Proper Shipping Name	METHYL BROMIDE	METHYL BROMIDE	METHYL BROMIDE
14.3 Transport hazard class	2.3	2.3	2.3
14.4 Packing Group	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated

14.5 Environmental hazards No information provided

14.6 Special precautions for user

Hazchem code 2XE
GTEPG 2B1
EMS F-C, S-U

Other information Transport on open top vehicles in accordance with Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods. Refer to Commonwealth, State and Territory Dangerous Goods Legislation which contain requirements which affect gas storage and transport.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**

Poison schedule Classified as a Schedule 7 (S7) Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP).

Classifications Safework Australia criteria is based on the Globally Harmonised System (GHS) of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals.

The classifications and phrases listed below are based on the Approved Criteria for Classifying Hazardous Substances [NOHSC: 1008(2004)].

Hazard codes

Muta.	Mutagen
N	Dangerous for the environment
T	Toxic
T+	Very toxic
Xi	Irritant
Xn	Harmful

PRODUCT NAME AGRIGAS M (METHYL BROMIDE)

Risk phrases	R25	Toxic if swallowed.
	R26	Very toxic by inhalation.
	R36/37/38	Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin.
	R48/20	Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation.
	R50	Very toxic to aquatic organisms.
	R59	Dangerous for the ozone layer.
	R68	Possible risks of irreversible effects.
Safety phrases	S15	Keep away from heat.
	S27	Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.
	S36/39	Wear suitable protective clothing and eye/face protection.
	S38	In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.
	S45	In case of accident or if you feel unwell seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible).
	S59	Refer to manufacturer / supplier for information on recovery / recycling.
	S61	Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheets.
Inventory listing(s)	AUSTRALIA: AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances) All components are listed on AICS, or are exempt.	

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Additional information The storage of significant quantities of gas cylinders must comply with AS4332 The storage and handling of gases in cylinders. This product must only be used by authorised personnel such as licensed fumigators.

APPLICATION METHOD: Liquid withdrawal to specialised dispensing or vapourising equipment.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT GUIDELINES:

The recommendation for protective equipment contained within this report is provided as a guide only. Factors such as method of application, working environment, quantity used, product concentration and the availability of engineering controls should be considered before final selection of personal protective equipment is made.

HEALTH EFFECTS FROM EXPOSURE:

It should be noted that the effects from exposure to this product will depend on several factors including: frequency and duration of use; quantity used; effectiveness of control measures; protective equipment used and method of application. Given that it is impractical to prepare a ChemAlert report which would encompass all possible scenarios, it is anticipated that users will assess the risks and apply control methods where appropriate.

Abbreviations	ACGIH	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
	CAS #	Chemical Abstract Service number - used to uniquely identify chemical compounds
	CNS	Central Nervous System
	EC No.	EC No - European Community Number
	EMS	Emergency Schedules (Emergency Procedures for Ships Carrying Dangerous Goods)
	GHS	Globally Harmonized System
	GTEPG	Group Text Emergency Procedure Guide
	IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
	LC50	Lethal Concentration, 50% / Median Lethal Concentration
	LD50	Lethal Dose, 50% / Median Lethal Dose
	mg/m ³	Milligrams per Cubic Metre
	OEL	Occupational Exposure Limit
	pH	relates to hydrogen ion concentration using a scale of 0 (high acidic) to 14 (highly alkaline).
	ppm	Parts Per Million
	STEL	Short-Term Exposure Limit
	STOT-RE	Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)
	STOT-SE	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)
	SUSMP	Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons
	SWA	Safe Work Australia
	TLV	Threshold Limit Value
TWA	Time Weighted Average	

PRODUCT NAME AGRIGAS M (METHYL BROMIDE)

Report status

This document has been compiled by RMT on behalf of the manufacturer, importer or supplier of the product and serves as their Safety Data Sheet ('SDS').

It is based on information concerning the product which has been provided to RMT by the manufacturer, importer or supplier or obtained from third party sources and is believed to represent the current state of knowledge as to the appropriate safety and handling precautions for the product at the time of issue. Further clarification regarding any aspect of the product should be obtained directly from the manufacturer, importer or supplier.

While RMT has taken all due care to include accurate and up-to-date information in this SDS, it does not provide any warranty as to accuracy or completeness. As far as lawfully possible, RMT accepts no liability for any loss, injury or damage (including consequential loss) which may be suffered or incurred by any person as a consequence of their reliance on the information contained in this SDS.

Prepared by

Risk Management Technologies
5 Ventnor Ave, West Perth
Western Australia 6005
Phone: +61 8 9322 1711
Fax: +61 8 9322 1794
Email: info@rmt.com.au
Web: www.rmt.com.au.

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